# District of Columbia

## Behaviors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>2019 Value</th>
<th>No. 1 State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Drug Deaths (deaths per 100,000 population)</td>
<td>38.8</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excessive Drinking (% of adults)</td>
<td>26.3</td>
<td>11.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High School Graduation (% of students)</td>
<td>73.2</td>
<td>91.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obesity (% of adults)</td>
<td>24.7</td>
<td>22.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical Inactivity (% of adults)</td>
<td>19.6</td>
<td>16.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smoking (% of adults)</td>
<td>13.8</td>
<td>9.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Community & Environment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>2019 Value</th>
<th>No. 1 State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Air Pollution (micrograms of fine particles per cubic meter)</td>
<td>9.8</td>
<td>4.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Children in Poverty (% of children)</td>
<td>23.1</td>
<td>9.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infectious Disease (mean z score of chlamydia, pertussis and Salmonella)</td>
<td>-1.230</td>
<td>-1.230</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pertussis (cases per 100,000 population)</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>0.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salmonella (cases per 100,000 population)</td>
<td>8.8</td>
<td>6.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Occupational Fatalities (deaths per 100,000 workers)</td>
<td>5.8</td>
<td>2.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Violent Crime (offenses per 100,000 population)</td>
<td>996</td>
<td>112</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Policy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>2019 Value</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HPV Females (% ages 13–17)</td>
<td>73.5</td>
<td>76.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meningococcal (% ages 13–17)</td>
<td>69.2</td>
<td>80.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tdap (% ages 13–17)</td>
<td>86.1</td>
<td>97.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chlamydia (cases per 100,000 population)</td>
<td>1,312.3</td>
<td>228.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Health Funding (dollars per person)</td>
<td>$499</td>
<td>$281</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uninsured (% of population)</td>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>2.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Clinical Care

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>2019 Value</th>
<th>No. 1 State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dentists (number per 100,000 population)</td>
<td>102.8</td>
<td>82.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low Birthweight (% of live births)</td>
<td>10.5</td>
<td>6.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mental Health Providers (number per 100,000 population)</td>
<td>508.6</td>
<td>626.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preventable Hospitalizations (discharges per 1,000 Medicare enrollees)</td>
<td>38.3</td>
<td>23.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primary Care Physicians (number per 100,000 population)</td>
<td>466.1</td>
<td>274.9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Outcomes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>2019 Value</th>
<th>No. 1 State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cancer Deaths (deaths per 100,000 population)</td>
<td>195.7</td>
<td>149.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cardiovascular Deaths (deaths per 100,000 population)</td>
<td>303.1</td>
<td>193.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes (% of adults)</td>
<td>8.4</td>
<td>7.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disparity in Health Status (% difference by high school education)</td>
<td>275</td>
<td>14.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frequent Mental Distress (% of adults)</td>
<td>12.6</td>
<td>9.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frequent Physical Distress (% of adults)</td>
<td>8.8</td>
<td>9.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infant Mortality (deaths per 1,000 live births)</td>
<td>7.6</td>
<td>3.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Premature Death (years lost before age 75 per 100,000 population)</td>
<td>8,844</td>
<td>5,665</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## RCOEAL RANK

- **Strengths:**
  - Low prevalence of physical inactivity
  - High rate of mental health providers
  - Low prevalence of diabetes

- **Challenges:**
  - High prevalence of excessive drinking
  - High violent crime rate
  - High drug death rate

- **Highlights:**
  - In the past year, physical inactivity decreased 15% from 23.0% to 19.6% of adults
  - In the past two years, the percentage of the population without health insurance decreased 10% from 3.9% to 3.5%
  - In the past three years, drug deaths increased 154% from 15.3 to 38.8 deaths per 100,000 population
  - In the past 10 years, chlamydia increased 28% from 1,024.8 to 1,312.3 cases per 100,000 population
  - Since 2012, frequent mental distress increased 17% from 10.8% to 12.6% of adults
  - In the past 10 years, infant mortality decreased 38% from 12.2 to 7.6 deaths per 1,000 live births

**State Health Department Website:**
dchealth.dc.gov

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*Value indicates z score. Negative scores are below U.S. value; positive scores are above U.S. value. Years reflect edition year, not data source year. For measure definitions, including data sources and years, see Table 9.*